

EMPHASIS

Effective Management of Pests and Harmful Alien Species - Integrated Solutions



emphasisproject.eu

WP 2 Practical solutions for surveillance and monitoring

Neil Boonham



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 634179.

WP 2 – Practical solutions for surveillance and monitoring



Duration:
48 months
(2015-2019)

22 partners
out of which 11
companies



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EU funding:
6.526.038 €

More than
1.000
person
months



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WP 2 – Practical solutions for surveillance and monitoring



EUROPE

CANADA

EPPO Inspector Workshop, 13-15th /12 / 2017
Neil Boonham (Fera)

WP 2 – Practical solutions for surveillance and monitoring

PREDICT	PREVENT	PROTECT	PROMOTE
<p>pest management challenges and opportunities will be evaluated according to stakeholder-focused criteria and through pathway analysis.</p>	<p>practical solutions for surveillance in different pathways to enhance preparedness will be provided to end-users, and monitoring tools following outbreaks and eradication will be developed.</p>	<p>practical solutions for managing native and alien pests in agriculture, horticulture and forestry will be developed, their technical and economic feasibility will be demonstrated and their market uptake will be enhanced.</p>	<p>a mutual learning process with end-users will be developed, and the solutions identified by the project will be promoted through training and dissemination.</p>



WP 2 – Practical solutions for surveillance and monitoring



Agri-ecosystem/Target plants	Target pests
(Field crops) - Cereals	<i>Puccinia</i> spp. on wheat <i>Aphids</i> <i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> on summer cereals
(Field crops) – OSR and Wheat	<i>Mycosphaerella graminicola</i> <i>Leptosphaeria maculans</i> Seedlings insects
(Protected crops) Veg and high-value crops	<i>Bemisia tabaci</i> and associated viruses Downy mildew Soil-borne diseases
(Orchards) - Pome fruit	<i>Cydia pomonella</i>
(Forestry and amenity plants) - <i>Fraxinus</i>	<i>Chalara fraxinea</i>
(Forestry and amenity plants) - Conifers	<i>Heterobasidion irregularare</i> <i>Heterobasidion</i> spp.
(Open land) - Amenity plants, Non-agricultural areas	<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i> <i>Ailanthus altissima</i> <i>Heracleum</i> spp.

Overview of WP2

- Rapid assays based on LAMP
- LAMP hardware development
- Surveillance of fungal diseases
- Surveillance of insect pests



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- **Xylella fastidiosa in Italy**
 - First recorded in 2013
 - Land-scape scale devastation



Taxonomy and existing diagnostics

- Sub-species

3 formally described;

X. f subsp. *pauca*

X. f subsp. *fastidiosa*

X. f subsp. *multiplex*

3 proposed;

X. f subsp. *sandyi*

X. f subsp. *morus*

(*X. f* subsp. *tashke*)

X. taiwanensis (pear leaf scorch)

- qPCR and LAMP

Development of LAMP and Real-Time PCR Methods for the Rapid Detection of *Xylella fastidiosa* for Quarantine and Field Applications

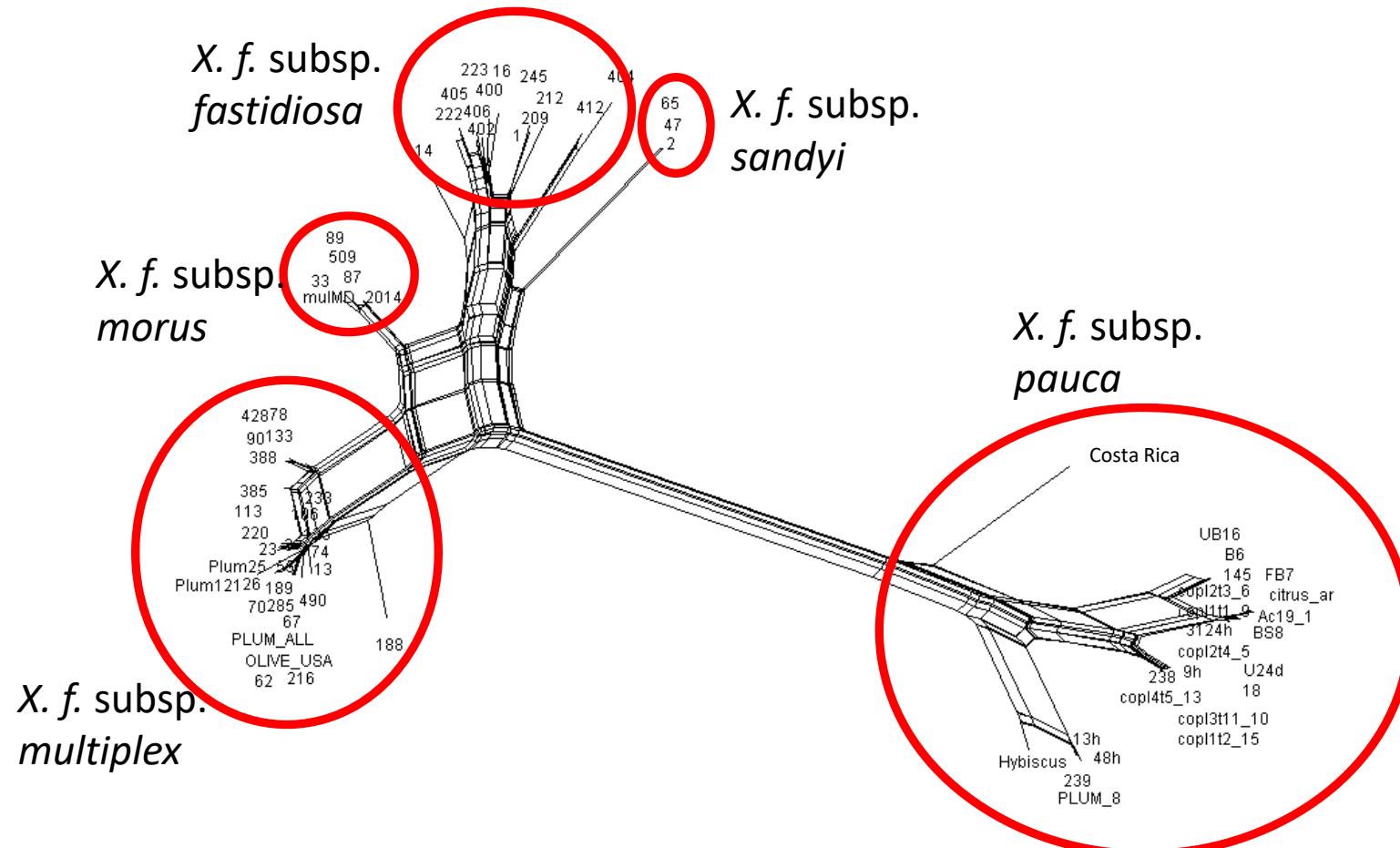
S. J. Harper, L. I. Ward, and G. R. G. Clover

Plant Health and Environment Laboratory, Investigation and Diagnostic Centre, MAF Biosecurity New Zealand, P.O. Box 2095, Auckland 1140, New Zealand.
Accepted for publication 18 August 2010.

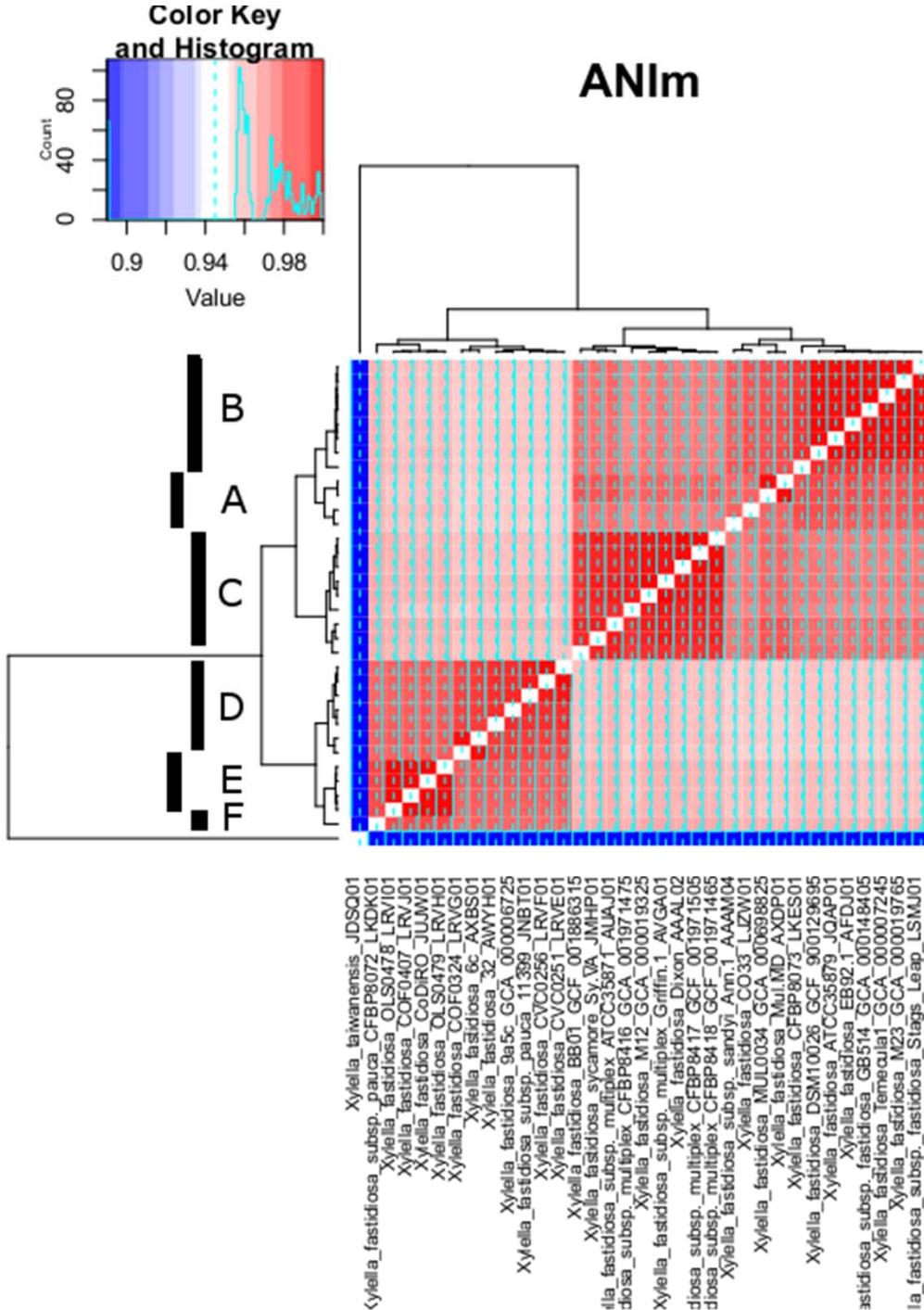
- 7 to 10 gene MLST

***Xylella fastidiosa* MLST Databases**

Conventional phylogenetics



- Marker identification via comparative genomics
- Using publically available genomes (n=33)
- ANI analysis to identify sequences
- Aim = Sub-species level identification
- Develop qPCR and LAMP tests



Comparative genomics

Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *fastidiosa* Stag:
Xylella fastidiosa M23 GCA_000019765
Xylella fastidiosa Tenebula1 GCA_000007245
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *fastidiosa* GB51
Xylella fastidiosa EB92.1_AFDJ01
Xylella fastidiosa ATCC35879_JQAP01
Xylella fastidiosa DSM10026_GCF_900129695
Xylella fastidiosa CFBP8073_LKE_S01
Xylella fastidiosa Mu-MD_AXDP01
Xylella fastidiosa MUL0034_GCA_000069285
Xylella fastidiosa CO33_LZWN01
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *sandy* Ann-1
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *multiplex* CFBP8416
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *multiplex* Griffin
Xylella fastidiosa M12_GCA_000019325
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *multiplex* ATCC35870
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *multiplex* Dixon
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *multiplex* COF0407
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *multiplex* LRVF01
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *pauca* 11389_JNBT01
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *pauca* 32_AWYH01
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *pauca* BB01_GCF_001886315
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *pauca* CVC0251_LRVE01
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *pauca* CVC0256_LRVF01
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *pauca* CO33_LZWN01
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *pauca* COF0407_LRVF01
Xylella fastidiosa subsp. *pauca* CFBP80
Xylella taiwanensis JDSQ01

Relevant sub-species	Corresponding sequence cluster
X. f. subsp. morus	A
X. f. subsp. sandyi	B
X. f. subsp. fastidiosa	B
X. f. subsp. multiplex	C
X. f. subsp. pauca	D and E
'recombinant strain' ???	F

Real-time PCR assays

Species / <i>Xylella</i> sequence cluster		A-1-Ra	A-1-Rb	B-1-Ra	B-1-Rb	B-2	B-3-Fa	B-3-Fb	C-1	C-2	C-3	DEF-1
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>morus</i>	A	15.7	15.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>fastidiosa</i>	B	-	-	17.5	17.9	16.3	16.7	18.0	-	-	-	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>fastidiosa</i>	B	-	-	15.8	15.8	12.9	16.1	16.2	-	-	-	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>fastidiosa</i>	B	-	-	17.9	16.8	16.4	16.0	17.1	-	-	-	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>multiplex</i>	C	-	-	36.2	34.7	26.0	-	-	27.0	25.1	25.8	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>multiplex</i>	C	-	-	36.7	-	33.3	-	-	18.2	17.3	18.1	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>pauca</i>	DEF	-	-	-	-	-	35.1	-	-	31.6	-	16.9
<i>A. tumefaciens</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37.4	-	-	-
<i>P. syringae</i> pv. <i>persicae</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>X. fuscans</i> subsp. <i>aurantifoliae</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<i>X. campestris</i> pv. <i>campestris</i>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NTC (water)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

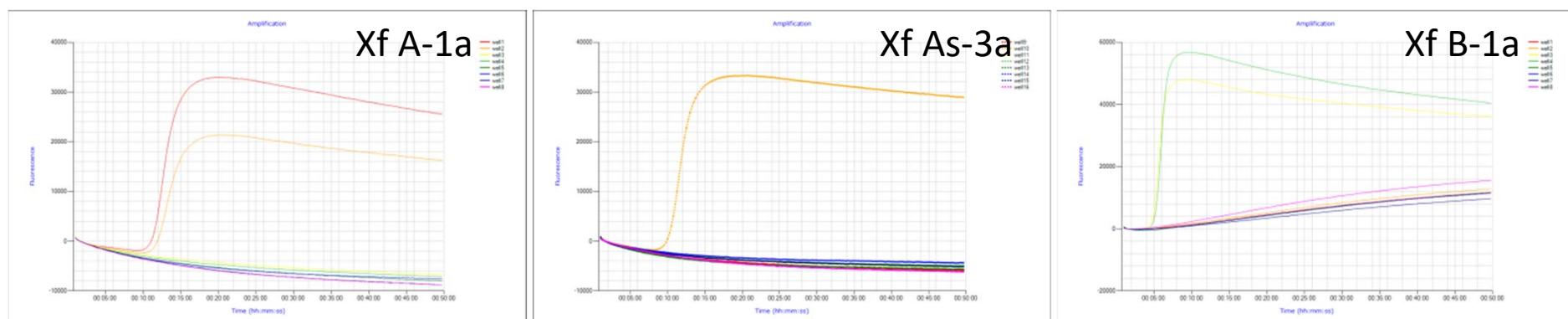
- Sub-species specific assay designed for ‘groups’ A, B, C and DEF

Shading
 red = negative reaction
 green = specific positive reaction
 yellow = cross-reaction (non-target)

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LAMP assays

<i>Xylella</i> sequence cluster		Xf-A 1a	Xf-A 1b	Xf-Am 2	Xf-As 3a	Xf-As 3b	Xf-B 1a	Xf-B 1b	Xf-B 2a	Xf-B 2b	Xf-C 1	Xf-C 2a	Xf-C 2b
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>morus</i>	A / Am	12:30	15:30	07:45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30:00	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>sandyi</i>	A / As	13:00	16:00	(41:15)	11:30	11:30	-	-	~ 34	~ 34	-	28:15	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>fastidiosa</i>	B	-	-	-	-	-	06:00	05:45	~ 18	~ 18	-	25:00	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>fastidiosa</i>	B	-	-	-	-	-	06:15	06:00	~ 20	~ 20	-	26:00	-
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>multiplex</i>	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11:30	40:00
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>multiplex</i>	C	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	~ 49	08:15	26:45
<i>X. f.</i> subsp. <i>pauca</i>	DEF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18:00	-
NTC (water)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Shading
 red = negative reaction
 green = specific positive reaction
 yellow = cross-reaction (non-target)

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Deliver an effective platform for laboratory use and on-site deployment

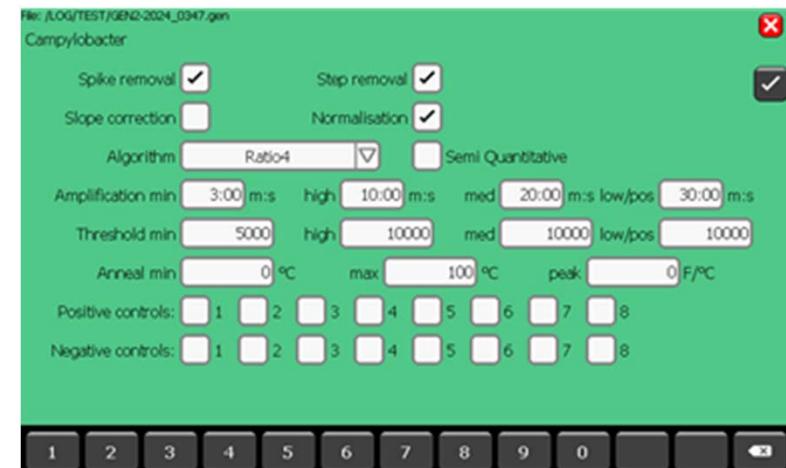
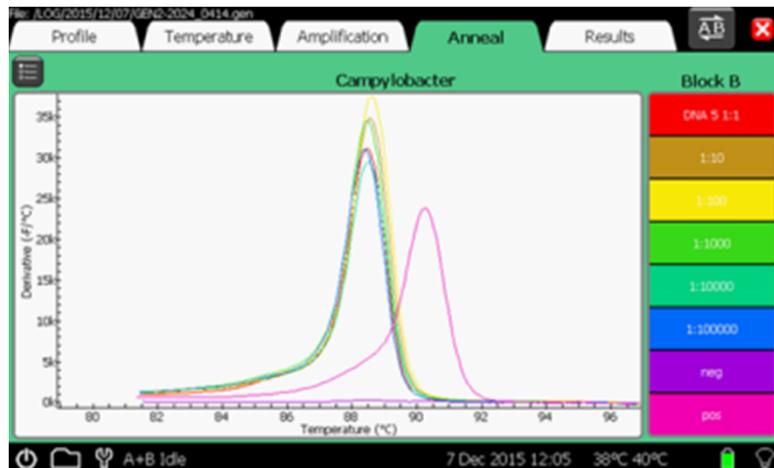
- **Genie HT high-throughput platform**
 - Hardware development
 - Prototype assembled and tested
 - Final modifications implemented
 - Drawings and parts list issued for quotation
 - Software development
 - Individual modules operating
 - Central command unit software to be developed
 - Available Q3 2017
- 12 sample blocks – 96 tubes
 - 10.1" touchscreen interface
 - Wired USB communications
 - Bluetooth and WiFi
 - Two-colour fluorescence
 - Mains power only
 - Forced-air cooling
 - Integrated barcode reader
 - Supports instruction videos



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Promote ease of use

- Automated data entry and result interpretation
 - 1-D / 2-D barcode reader included within **Genie HT**
 - **D2.1 Automated result calling algorithms developed for LAMP assays implemented on the Genie platform**
 - Deliverable report issued February 2017 on-schedule



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Practical kit design

- Implement a tube sealing method for pre-dispensed or dried reagents
 - New plate for sealing 8-strips simultaneously manufactured
 - Fitted to pneumatic press December 2016



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Data management and connectivity

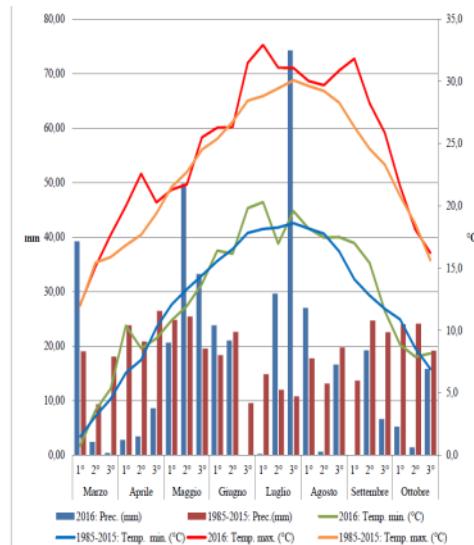
- WiFi connection (to **Genie III**)
 - Requirement to collect run files from **Genie III** over WiFi link
 - Software developed for **Genie III** to serve as an Access Point
 - Android app developed to enable connection and file transfer
 - Additional functionality planned



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Validation of protocols combining spore trapping and the use of taxon-specific primers



Meteorological conditions



Spore trap

Disease index

	Pyricularia oryzae symptoms on leaves						
	19.7.16	26.7.16	2.8.16	10.8.16	17.8.16	23.8.16	30.8.16
CONTROL	3.00	3.75	4.00	3.25	6.50	8.25	9.00

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Weekly samples

Cut
tapes



Samples collected in two different rice paddy fields in ENTERISI (Ente Nazionale Risi, Castello d'Agogna (PV), Italy)

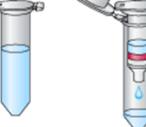


Homogenization
and Lysis



Add sample and lysis
buffer to NucleoSpin
Bead Tube, vortex
or use homogenizer

Removal
of Contaminants



Precipitate
contaminants

Bind-Wash-Elute



Load supernatant
onto NucleoSpin
Inhibitor
Removal Columns

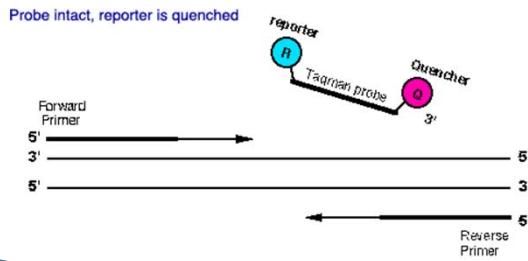
Bind-DNA to
NucleoSpin
Soil Column,
apply efficient
wash steps, dry
the membrane



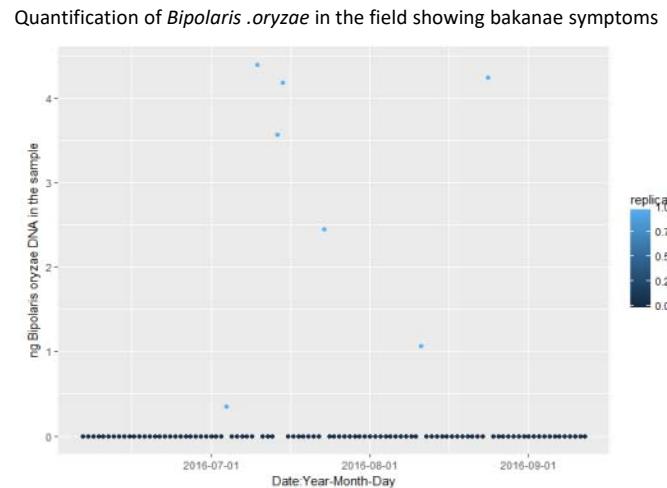
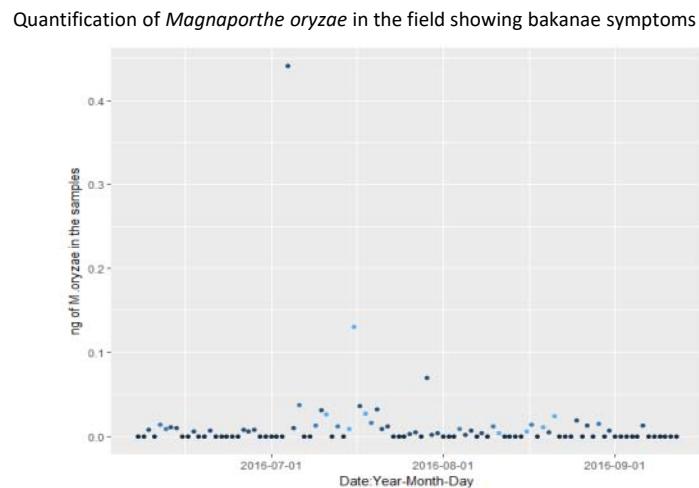
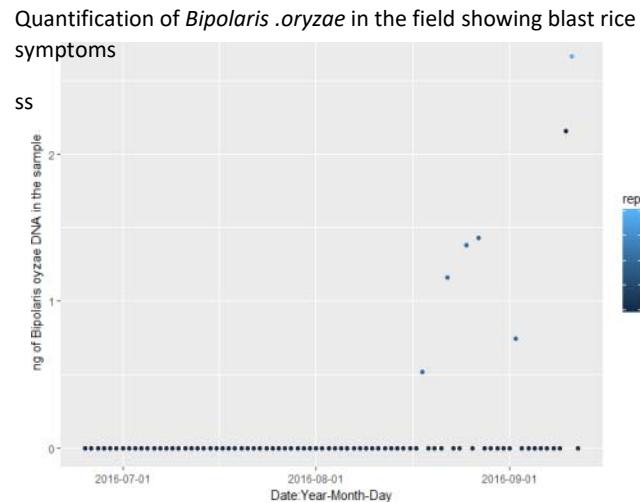
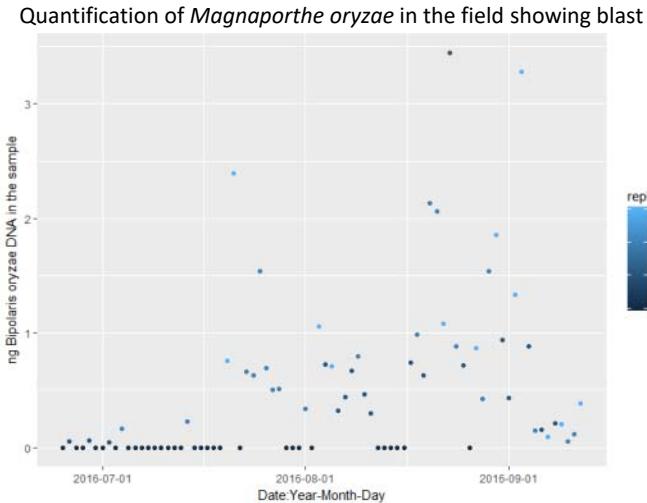
Elute pure DNA
ready to use in
downstream PCR

DNA extraction of daily samples

Probe intact, reporter is quenched



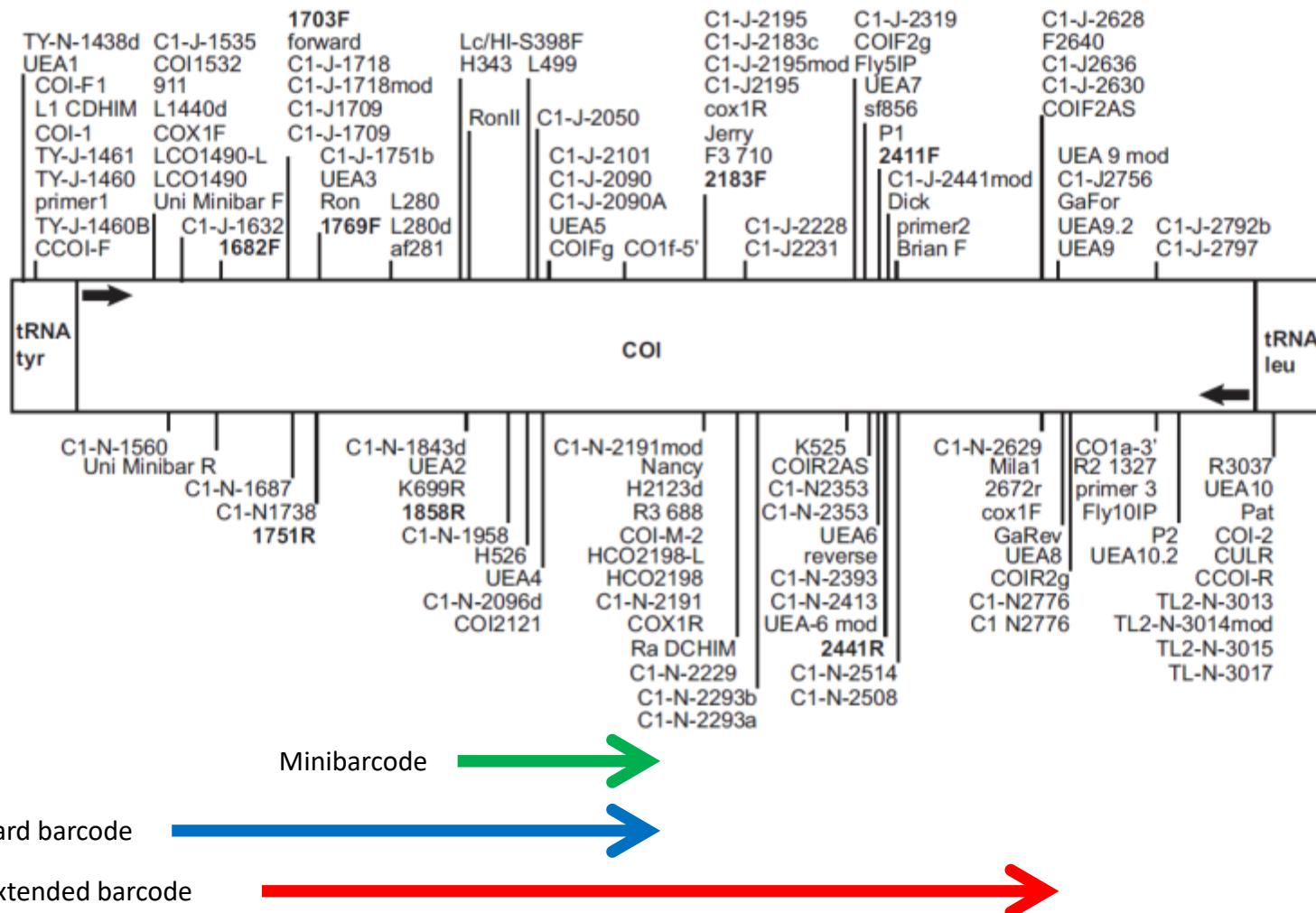
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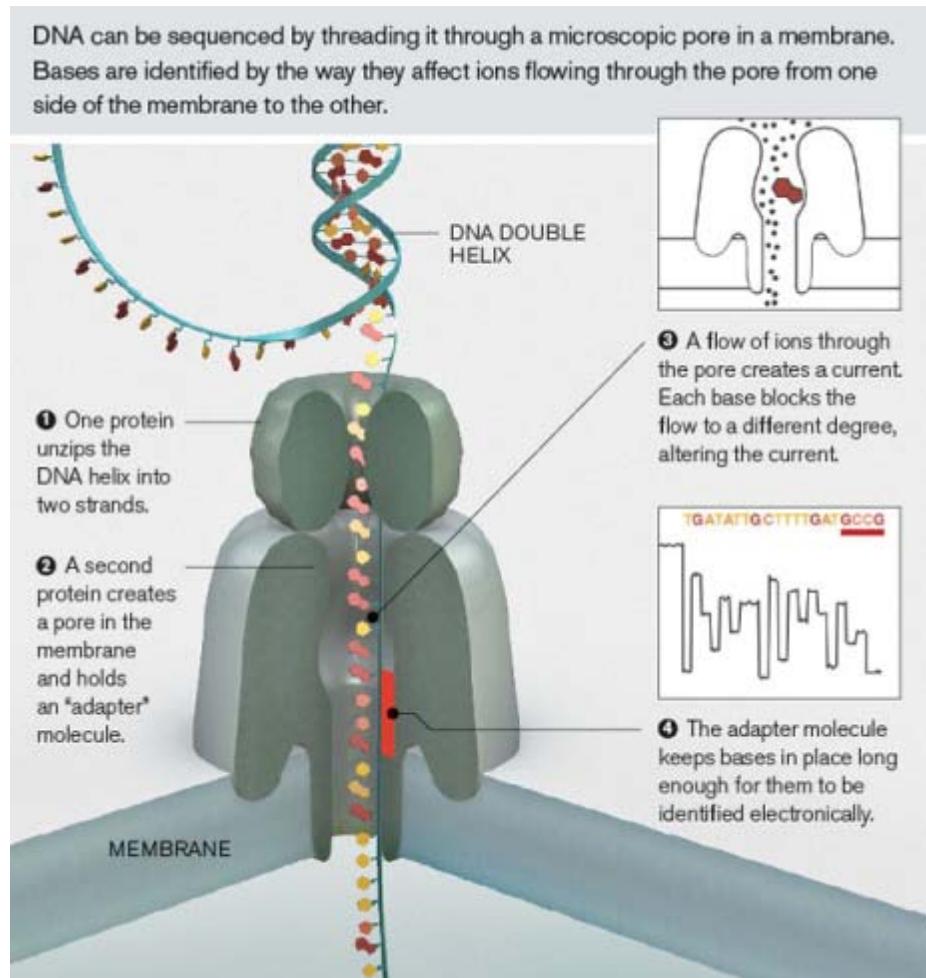
September 2011

GIBSON ET AL.: DIPTERA-SPECIFIC PRIMERS

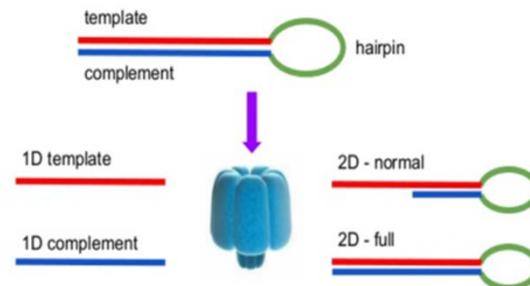


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Oxford nanopore MinION



Nanopore - reads



Latest pores offer 95% accuracy with better chemistry / basecalling algorithms

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- *Lyriomyza hubrensis*, *Bemisia tabaci* and *Frankinella occidentalis* as pure extracts
- Mixtures of extracted DNA
- Mixtures of insects extracted
- Leaf from *Lyriomyza hubrensis* culture with no evidence of insects
- Control leaf

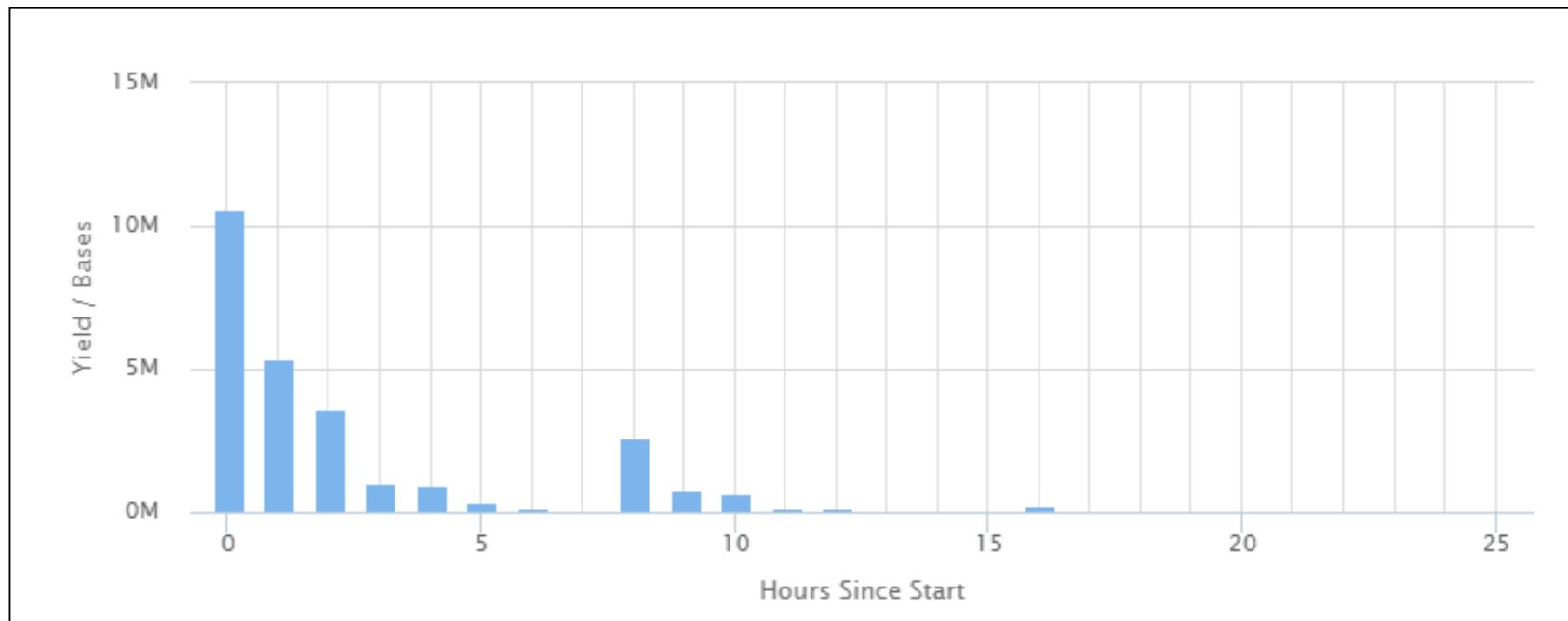
Sequenced on R9 flow cell

12 barcoded samples run for 48hrs produced 35081 reads of which
17802 gave good quality 2D sequence.



EPPO Inspector Workshop, 13-15th /12 / 2017
Ian Adams (Fera)

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Sample description	<i>Frankinella occidentalis</i>	<i>Lyriomyza hubrensis</i>	<i>Bemisia tabaci</i>	plant
Equal amounts of <i>Frankinella occidentalis</i> and <i>Lyriomyza hubrensis</i> DNA	35.0%	48.5%	0.0%	0.0%
<i>Lyriomyza hubrensis</i> mined leaf	0.1%	59.8%	0.1%	33.1%
Control leaf	0.0%	0.4%	0.0%	49.5%
Mix of <i>Frankinella occidentalis</i> and <i>Lyriomyza hubrensis</i> insects	30.0%	42.3%	0.0%	0.3%
Mix of <i>Frankinella occidentalis</i> , <i>Bemisia tabaci</i> and <i>Lyriomyza hubrensis</i> insects	3.4%	45.0%	4.8%	0.3%

Acknowledgments

- Jen Hodgetts, Ian Adams & Rachel Glover (Fera)
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- Tom Wood & Rosa Caiazzo (NIAB-EMR)
- Michael Andreou (Optisense)



**FUTURE PROOFING
Plant Health**

A Defra Network partnership delivering interdisciplinary plant health research to improve biosecurity and build capability

