



Netherlands Food and Consumer
Product Safety Authority
Ministry of Economic Affairs



A phytosanitary
focused flexible scope

The Dutch approach

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Outline

- Accreditation
- Why the search for phytosanitary based flex scope
- Ideas and requirements
- Follow-up



Diagnostics
Diagnostic

Basic requirements for quality management in plant pest diagnosis laboratories

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European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization
 Organisation Européenne et Méditerranéenne pour la Protection des Plantes

PM 7/98 (2)

Diagnostics
Diagnostic

PM 7/98 (2) Specific requirements for laboratories preparing accreditation for a plant pest diagnostic activity

Specific scope

This guideline includes specific quality management requirements for laboratories preparing for accreditation according to the ISO/IEC Standard 17025 *General requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories* (references to relevant parts of ISO/IEC Standard 17025 are included). It should be noted that in EPPO standards the verb ‘should’ carries the highest level of obligation.

Specific approval and amendment

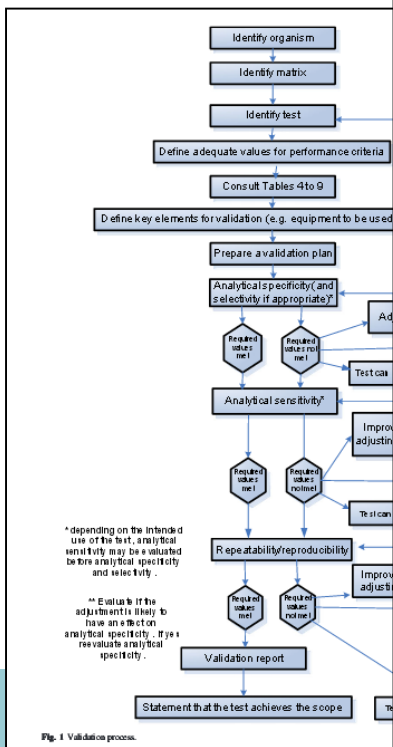
First approved in 2009–09.
 Revision approved in 2014–04.

1. Introduction

Development of quality management systems (also referred to as management systems or quality systems)

2. Scope of accreditation: fixed scope and flexible scope

Historically, the accreditation of laboratories has usually



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Current accreditation NRC (17025 Fixed scope)

1	<i>Lycopersicon Esculentum</i> (tomato)	Isolation of <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> subsp. <i>michiganensis</i> in symptomatic material (stem) from tomato by plating on semi-selective media Identification of <i>Clavibacter michiganensis</i> subsp. <i>michiganensis</i> by IF, real-time PCR and pathogenity test	A- NRC- BAC- 001
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2 *Andean potato latent virus*

3 *Phytophthora ramorum*

4 *Thrips palmi*

5 *Ditylenchus dipsaci*





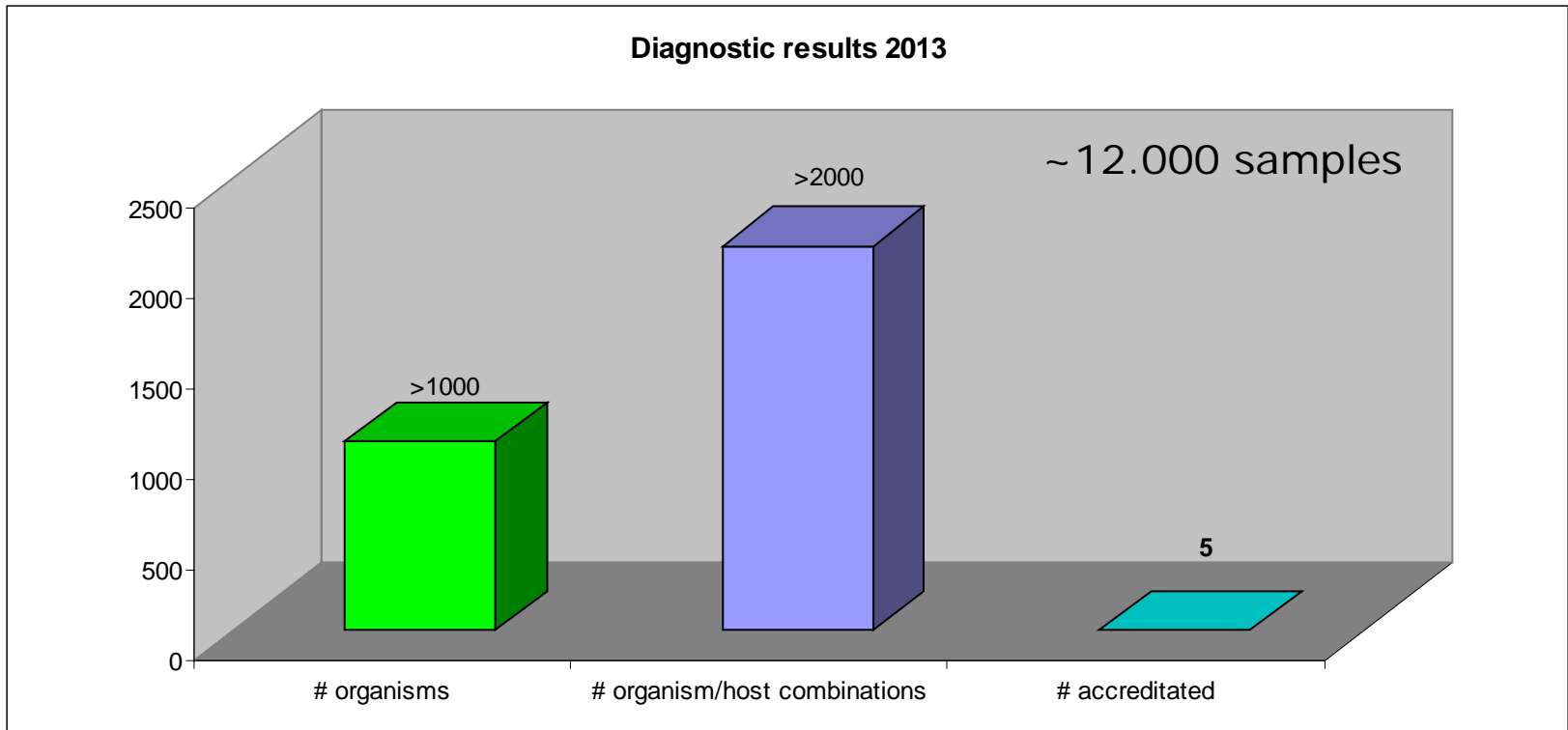
Requirements for a fixed and standard flexible scope:

Each test:

- › Extensive Validation or Verification
- › 1st line controls
- › 3rd line controls (or 2nd line)
- › Management and technical requirements from ISO 17025 are fully applicable



Why the search for phytosanitary based flex scope



NRC is working since 2005 according to a quality system including audits on all processes, tests and diagnostic activities



Why the search for phytosanitary based flex scope

- Fixed/flex scope do not fit well with the nature of the work
 - » Some diagnoses are made only once every few years
 - » Diagnosis is based on knowledge and can be a combination of e.g. symptoms, literature, tests, morphology
- Extensive validation/verification and 2nd/3rd line controls for each single test performed is not possible

Conclusion:

Standard flexible/fixed scope not applicable



Phytosanitary based flex scope

Therefore:

- Agreement with Dutch Accreditation Board to come with a proposal for a specific scope
- Project started in January 2014



Phytosanitary based flex scope: diagnostic matrix

Diagnose-matrix

Organismegroep	Visual	Microscopie	Electron Microscopy	Extraction	Pathogenicity	Baiting	Indicator plants	Grafting	(non) selective isolation	Fatty acid	Isozym	r-Page	PCR	real-time PCR	Sequencen	ELISA	IF
Arthropoda	y	y											y	y	y		
Bacteria	y				y				y	n			y	y	y		y
Fungi en Oomycota	y	y		y		y			y				y	y	y	n	
Plantae	y	y											y	y	y		
Nematoda	y	y		y							n		y	y	y		
Viruses, viroids and phytoplasms	y		n				y	n				n	y	y	y	y	



No	Material or Product	Type	Methods
2	Plants, plant materials and cultures	identification of plant pathogenic bacteria	Visual, Pathogenicity, (non-) selective isolation, PCR, real-time PCR, Sequencing, IF



Assumptions for a Phytoflex scope

- Diagnostic process is the basis, not the test(s)
- Not all the tests mentioned in the scope need to be used in a diagnosis, decision by diagnostic specialist (traceable)
- Combination of tests used have to guarantee the quality of the diagnoses; at least one of the tests is validated
- Validation of tests: relevant performance criteria determined
- The accredited diagnose can be applied to all (taxonomic) levels (family, genus, species, subspecies or pathovars)

Acroniem	Species	Genus	TPO	DA S-ELISA	PCR	Sequentie	Enten	EM	R-PAGE
APLV	Andean potato latent virus	<i>Tymovirus</i>	x	x	x	x			
APMMV	Andean potato mild mosaic virus	<i>Tymovirus</i>	x	x	x	x			
APMoV	Andean potato mottle virus	<i>Comovirus</i>	x	x					
ArMV	Arabis mosaic virus	<i>Nepovirus</i>	x	x					
PVA	Potato virus A	<i>Potyvirus</i>	x	x	x				
PVY	Potato virus Y	<i>Potyvirus</i>	x	x	x				
PSTVd	Potato spindle tuber viroid	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
CSVd	Chrysanthemum stunt viroid	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
CEVd	Citrus exocortis viroid	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
CLVd	Columnea latent viroid	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
IrVd-1	Iresine viroid 1	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
PCFVd	Pepper chat fruit viroid	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
TASVd	Tomato apical stunt viroid	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
TCDVd	Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
TPMVd	Tomato plant mancho viroid	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
DLVd	Dahlia latent viroid	<i>Pospiviroid</i>			x	x			x
CIRV	Carnation Italian ringspot virus	<i>Tombusvirus</i>			x	x			
CBLV	Cucumber Bulgarian latent virus	<i>Tombusvirus</i>			x	x			
CymRSV	Cymbidium ringspot virus	<i>Tombusvirus</i>			x	x			
EMCV	Eggplant mottled crinkle virus	<i>Tombusvirus</i>			x	x			
GALV	Grapevine Algerian latent virus	<i>Tombusvirus</i>	x		x	x			
LFDV	Limonium flower distortion virus	<i>Tombusvirus</i>	x		x	x			
PetAMV	Petunia asteroid mosaic virus	<i>Tombusvirus</i>	x		x	x			
PepMV	Pepino mosaic virus	<i>Potexvirus</i>	x	x	x	x			
TRV	Tobacco rattle virus	<i>Tobravirus</i>	x		x				
SLRSV	Strawberry latent ringspot virus	<i>Unassigned</i>	x	x	x	x			
TRSV	Tobacco ringspot virus	<i>Nepovirus</i>	x	x	x	x			

Microbiological based

	methode opgenomen in accreditatie en voldoet aan eisen validatie en borging
	methode niet opgenomen in accreditatie, eventueel ondersteunend (geen validatie nodig)



A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	
1	titel	Overzicht organismen onder accreditatie mycologie						Pagina			
2	R-MYC-000-008	versie:2			ingangsdatum		24-6-2015				
3											
4	Overzicht organismen onder accreditatie Mycologie										
5	Groen: gevalideerde methode of valide literatuur volgens richtlijnen Eppo PM7/98										
6	Oranje: validatie nog niet afgerond, afgerond in augustus. Echter geen toets waarop de eindbepaling gebaseerd is.										
7											
8											
9											
10		Literatuur									
11	ORGANISME	Literatuur tot 1990	Literatuur tot 7-4-2015	Literatuur	Visuele beoordeling symptoom	directe identificatie	(niet)selectieve Isotatie	Baiting	Extractie grond	(realtime) PCR	Sequentie
258	Phoma medicaginis		CMI 1503		x		x				
259	Phoma pomorum	Boerema et al	Boerema, 2004		x		x				
260	Phoma tracheiphila	Boerema et al.	EPPO PM 7/48(1), Boerema, 2004		x		x				
261	Phoma tropica	de Gruyter & Noordeloos 199	Boerema, 2004		x	x	x				
262	Phomopsis				x	x	x				
263	Phomopsis				x	x	x				
264	Phomopsis				x		x				
265	Phomopsis				x		x				
266	Phragmidium				x	x					
267	Phragmidium				x	x					
268	Phragmidium				x	x					
269	Phragmidium				x	x					
270	Phyllactinia		near diseases, APS, 199		x	x	x				
271	Phyllactinia				x	x					
272	Phyllosticta				x	x	x				
273	Phyllosticta				x		x				
274	Phyllosticta cancrorpa		Waterhouse, 2005		x		x			x	
275	Phytophthora	Erwin & Ribeiro, 1996			x	x	x	x		x	x
276	Phytophthora alni	Brasier et al, 2004. Myc. Res. 108: 1172-			x		x	x			x
277	Phytophthora asparagi	Saude & Hausbeck, Persoonia Volume 28, 2012, fungal Planet 110, 6 June 2012					x	x			x
278	Phytophthora austrocedrae	Hansen et al, Mycologia.			x		x	x			x
279	Phytophthora cactorum	CMI 111			x		x	x			x
280	Phytophthora cambivora	CMI 112			x		x	x			x
281	Phytophthora capsici	CMI 836			x		x	x			x
282	Phytophthora cinnamomi	CMI 113	EPPO concept 02 - 9748		x		x	x			x
283	Phytophthora citricola	CMI 114 ; Phytophthora citricola comple			x		x	x			x
284	Phytophthora citrophthora	CMI 33; Waterhouse 1970			x		x	x			x
285	Phytophthora cryptogea	CMI 592			x		x	x			x
286	Phytophthora erythroseptica	CMI 593			x		x	x			x
287	Phytophthora fragariae	Waterhouse 1970; Erwin & Ribeiro 1996			x	x	x	x			x

Morphological based



Requirements for a Phytoflex scope

In a Phytoflex scope the diagnostic process is the object of accreditation i.o. tests or methods:

Requirements:

- Quality management system is applicable for all diagnoses
- Competence of diagnostician – Expertise Document
- Verification of tests
- Use of quality controls and assurance



	Morphological microscope	binocular	EM	visual	indicator plant	grafting	pathogenicity	baiting	inoculation	infectious agent	PCR	Fatty acid	isozym	selective	non-selective	PCR	Realtime-PCR	Sequencing	ELISA	IF		
Bacteria				x																	Bacterie X,Y,Z	
Phytoplasm																					Fytoplasma X,Y,Z	
Insects	x	x		x																		Insect X,Y,Z
Nematodes	x	x		x						x												Nematode X,Y,Z
Plants	x	x		x																		Plant X,Y,Z
Fungi	x	x		x																		Schimmel X,Y,Z
Viruses			x	x	x	x										x	x	x				Virus X,Y,Z
Viroids				x	x	x																Viroide X,Y,Z

Assuring the quality

- **Vertical assurance** (1st/2nd/3rd line)
 - Each test relevant 1st line controls
 - 2nd (blind samples) and 3rd line controls (PT) at method level

- **Horizontal assurance**
 - Individual diagnoses: combination of tests, multiple assessors or second opinion
 - Diagnostic process
 - › 'blind' diagnostic samples throughout the whole process
 - › Exchange of samples with external diagnosticians including discussion on the followed route



Addition of new organisms

Situation	example	minimal demands:						
		Full validation	Validation as appropriate	1st line control	2nd/3rd line controls	internal audit	Approval by HoL	report to AB
addition of a new method	Malditov	y		y	y	y	y	y
addition of a new organism group	Mollusca	y		y	y	y	y	y
addition of a new test in existing method	primers x/y in real-time PCR		y	y	tbd	tbd	y	n
addition of a new organism in existing method/organism group	Potato virus X with real-time PCR		y	y	tbd	tbd	y	n



Follow-up

- End of October 2015 audit on flexible scope by Dutch Accreditation Council
- EPPO EWG on flexible scope



Influence on quality of the work

