

Workstreams, Outbreaks & Surveys

...a day in the life of Plant Health Policy!

Presented by: Justin Dixon

My Background

Who am I?

...a question I often ask myself

What do I do?

...a question my boss often asks himself!



Content

Pest reporting and the exchange of phytosanitary information:

- The UK Plant Health Strategy Board: Risk Management Workstream
- Notification of outbreaks
- EU Survey returns and additional information



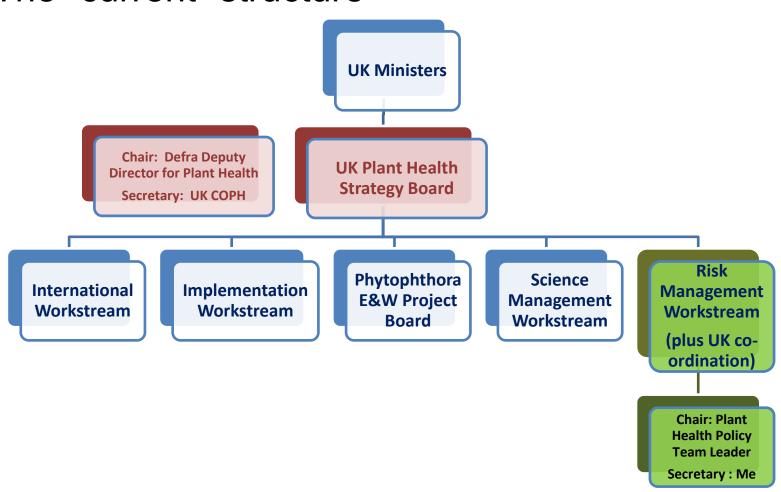
UK Plant Health Strategy Board

Risk Management Workstream

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The UK Plant Health Strategy Board?

The "current" structure



The Risk Management Workstream

- What is the Risk Management Workstream (RMW)?
 - Meets monthly
 - "Core members" co-ordinate input from their specialism
 - Devolved Administrations and Forestry Commission participation
- What does it do?
 - Develops UK positions on plant health issues
 - Prioritises and considers risk assessments
 - Takes decisions on new and revised threats
 - Agrees surveys and inspections required
 - Outcomes feed into 6-monthly UK co-ordination process

How it works

Identify threat

- Interceptions/outbreaks
- EPPO/other MS/EFSA/EU-SCPH
- Other e.g. news article

Assess threat

- Initial discussion at RMW
- Rapid assessment
- Pest Risk Analysis

Propose response

- RMW consideration PHSI; science; policy
- Public consultation (http://www.fera.defra.gov.uk/plants/consultations/index.cfm)

Confirm approach

- RMW confirmation PHSI; science; policy
- Other UK departments
- EU notification

Current consultations

- Ceratocystis platani (Plane wilt)
- Aromia bungii (the red-necked longhorn beetle)
- European mountain ash ringspot associated virus
- Dialeuropora decempuncta (Breadfruit whitefly)
- Phenacoccus solenopsis (Cotton mealybug)
- Paraponyx polydectalis
- Phenacoccus parvus (Morrison's small mealybug)
- Melampsoridium hiratsukanum (Alder rust)





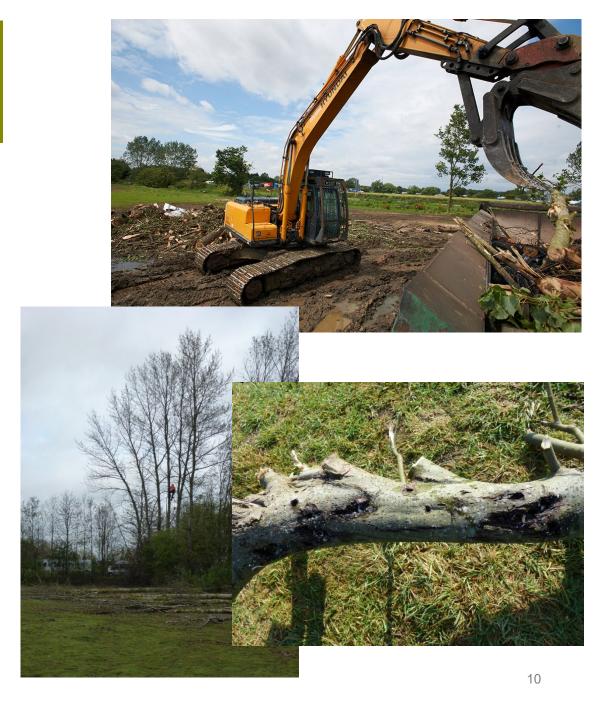


Notifications of outbreaks

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Asian longhorn beetle

- •March 2012 1st ever UK outbreak of ALB in south east England
- Initial brief notification sent providing known information at the time
- Supplementary report sent providing more information on the known demarcated area, survey and eradication action being taken
- More detailed report following 'conclusion' of eradication action to be provided with annual surveillance return
- Other knowledge sharing activities undertaken e.g. lessons learned





Survey returns and additional information

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Survey returns

- Approximately 24 routine surveillance reports
- Additional reports for derogations
- Templates provided by EU
- Timetable for year
- Commissioning process
- Should be straightforward!
- Verification
- Additional information
- Submission to EU and other MS



Third country interceptions

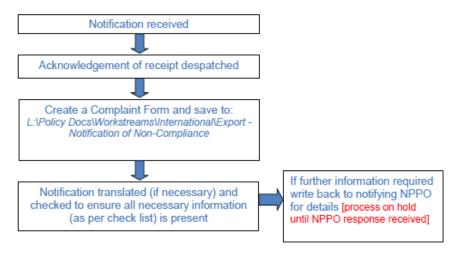
Follow up and notification

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Non compliance system

- New process in place to follow up cases of non compliance by the UK
- Administered by the UK's Plant Health Policy team
- Improved follow up with exporter (if details are available!)
- Useful for monitoring trends
- Identifying areas where further information/training might be required

Infringement Notification Process



All PHAST action to be completed within 10 days of complete information being received:



Third country interception

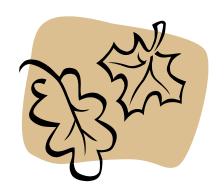
Notification of interceptions via Europhyt

Direct communication with Third country



Thank you for listening!

Questions?



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