European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization Organisation Européenne et Méditerranéenne pour la Protection des Plantes

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# EXTRAPOLATION TABLE for EFFECTIVENESS of FUNGICIDES DISEASES ON MISCELLANEOUS FRUIT (INEDIBLE PEEL, SMALL)

#### INTRODUCTION

The table provides detailed lists of acceptable extrapolations organized by crop groups, for regulatory authorities and applicants, in the context of the registration of plant protection products for minor uses. The table should be used in conjunction with the EPPO Standard PP1/257(1) - *Efficacy and crop safety extrapolations for minor uses*. It is important to ensure that expert judgment and regulatory experience are employed when using these tables. EPPO excludes liability as to the reliability of the information provided through these tables.

The scope for extrapolation may be extended as data and experience with a certain plant protection product increases. The applicant should always provide appropriate justification and information to support the proposed extrapolation. For example, comparability of target biology may be a relevant factor, either in extrapolating to other target species or for the same target onto another crop. For crops, factors such as comparable growth habit, structure etc. should be considered.

#### **TABLE FORMAT**

The main pest species for the crop group are listed in Column 1 (although this is not exhaustive), and the pest group to which they belong is specified in Column 2. Companies may choose if they wish to provide data only for individual named species, which would then appear individually listed on the label. But <u>underlined</u> species have been identified as key major targets and as such it is advisable to generate data on these. Furthermore, data on these species then allow a claim to be made for the whole pest group (as specified in Column 2), if required. If a claim for the whole pest group is required but there is no underlined species, then data must be generated on all listed species.

Column 3 indicates the key indicator crop(s) for the crop group. In some instances this may be only one specified crop. In other cases, when separated by an 'or', the company may choose from a range of alternatives within the group. Data generated on crops in Column 3 may be used to extrapolate to all crops listed in Column 4. However, it is preferable to have data on several of the crops within the crop group, but data on the indicator crop should be available. In specific circumstances data from crops outside of the crop group highlighted by an asterisk in column 5 can replace the need for any data on the indicator crop in column 3.

Column 5 identifies whether relevant data on crops outside the crop group, against the same target, may help to reduce the amount of required data on the indicator crop. It may be possible for a direct extrapolation without the need for data on the indicator crop (marked with an asterisk (\*)). However, this is dependent on the extent of available data and similarity of crop/target biology. The company should provide an appropriate reasoned case when wanting to use data from crops outside the crop group.

Column 6 gives examples of acceptable extrapolations for a particular pest claim onto other minor use crops. This is <u>not</u> a comprehensive list. Whether extrapolation may be direct (no data, marked with an asterisk (\*)), or require additional supporting data on the minor use crop, will again be dependent on the extent and relevance of the existing database and companies should provide an appropriate reasoned case. If the crop is considered to be a major crop in some countries then it may not be appropriate to include in this column, and further data would be required. Companies will need to justify the status of the major crop/minor use.

## EXAMPLE OF HOW TO USE THE TABLE:

Diseases		Crops: within the Vegetable Brassicas		Crops: outside the Vegetable Brassicas	
1 Pathogen species	2 Disease group name	3 Indicator crops	4 Extrapolation to other crops	5 Data from these crops can support the indicator crops (reduced data or no data *)	6 Extrapolation to crops (reduced or no data*)
Alternaria sp. ( <i>Alternaria</i> brassicicola ALTEBI, <i>A.</i> brassicae ALTEBA, <i>A.</i> raphani ALTERP)	Alternaria	Cauliflower BRSOB or broccoli BRSOK or Brussels sprouts BRSOF	Leafy and flower head and root brassicas	Oilseed rape BRSNN, Mustard SINSS	Carrot DAUCS, Tomato LYPES

**E.g.:** In the first row above, in order to support a claim for *Alternaria sp* on leafy and flower head and root brassicas, data can be generated on Cauliflower or Broccoli or Brussels sprouts. The number of trials required on this crop can be reduced if there are existing relevant data for *Alternaria spp* on oilseed rape or mustard. Data on *Alternaria sp* generated on Vegetable Brassicas can also be used to support claims on minor use crops such as carrot and tomato, but further additional data may be required. The company may also need to consider and justify the minor use status of the specified crop.

### **EXTRAPOLATION REGARDING PROTECTED/OUTDOOR SITUATIONS**

Please note that where crops may be grown in both protected and field situations, and where significant differences are expected in pest relevance or crop agronomy between indoor and outdoor situations, it is important to generate a proportion of the data on crops grown in both situations to ensure the product has been tested under a suitable range of typical and challenging conditions.

## EXTRAPOLATION TABLE for EFFECTIVENESS of FUNGICIDES ► DISEASES ON MISCELLANEOUS FRUIT (INEDIBLE PEEL, SMALL)

Kiwi Actinidia deliciosa ATIDE and Actinidia chinensis ATICH, Litchis Litchi chinensis LIHCH, Passionfruit Passiflora edulis PAQED, Pricky pears Opuntia ficus-indica OPUFI, Star apples Chrysophyllum cainito CSFCA, American persimons Diospyros virginiana DOSVI

Diseases		Crops: within Miscellaneous Fruit (Inedible Peel, small)		Crops: outside Miscellaneous Fruit (Inedible Peel, small)	
1 Pathogen species	2 Pathogen group name	3 Indicator crops	4 Extrapolation to other crops	5 Data from these crops can support the indicator crops (reduced data or no data *)	6 Extrapolation to crops (reduced or no data*)
Phaeomoniella chlamydospora PHMOCH, Togninia minima (=Phaeoacremonium aleophilum) TOGNMI	Wood disease	Kiwi fruit ATIDE		Grapevine VITVI	
Phomopsis actinidiae PHOPAC				Grapevine VITVI	
Armillaria mellea ARMIME	Root rot			Stone fruit, Pome fruit, Grapes VITVI	Perennial crops
Colletotrichum sp. COLLSP Colletotrichum gloeosporioides GLOMCI	Anthracnose	Litchi LIHCH or Passion fruit PAQSS		Avocado PEBAM, Mango MNGIN, Banana MUBSS, Annonaceae ANUSS, Guava PSISS	Annonaceae ANUSS, Guava PSISS, Passion fruit PAQSS

Alternaria passiflora ALTEPA	Alternariose	Passion fruit PAQSS		
Botryosphaeria rhodina (=Botryodiplodia theobromae) PHYORH	Black rot		Banana MUBSS, Avocado PEBAM, Mango MNGIN, Papaya CIAPA	Papaya CIAPA, Mango MNGIN
Septoria passifloricola SEPTPA	Leaf spot			
Fusarium oxysporum FUSAOX				Pinapple ANHCO
The following extrapolation	n possibilities are p	proposed to be addressed	s covering generic pests	
Phytophthora cactorum PHYTCC, P. cinnamomi PHYTCN, P.citricola PHYTCI, P. lateralis PHYTLA, P. megasperma PHYTME	Root disease	Kiwi fruit ATIDE	Apple MABSD, Apricot PRNAR, Almond PRNDU	Pomegranate PUNGR
Phytophthora sp.PHYTSP	Moulds	Passion fruit PAQSS	Citrus CIDSS, Apple MABSS, Avocado PEBAM, Papaya CIAPA, Guava PSISS, Pineapple ANHCO, Annonaceae ANUSS	Pineapple ANHCO, Papaya CIAPA, Avocado PEBAM, Guava PSISS, Annonaceae ANUSS